#### LOUISIANA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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APPLICATION OF ENTERGY ) LOUISIANA, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF ) **REGULATORY BLUEPRINT** NECESSARY FOR COMPANY TO STRENGTHEN THE ELECTRIC GRID FOR STATE OF LOUISIANA

DOCKET NO. U-\_\_\_\_

#### DIRECT TESTIMONY

#### OF

#### **CHRIS E. BARRILLEAUX**

#### **ON BEHALF OF**

#### ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC

AUGUST 2023

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#### **EXHIBITS**

Exhibit CEB-1	Listing of Previous Testimony Filed by Chris E. Barrilleaux
Exhibit CEB-2	Summary of the Cost of Service Study for the Test Year Ending December 31, 2022
Exhibit CEB-3	List of Pro Forma Adjustments to the Test Year in the Cost of Service Study and Allocation Factors
Exhibit CEB-4	Cost of Capital Summary for Entergy Louisiana, LLC
Exhibit CEB-5	Proposed Formula Rate Plan Adjustments

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1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q1.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, EMPLOYER, AND JOB
3		TITLE.
4	A.	My name is Chris E. Barrilleaux. My business address is 639 Loyola Avenue,
5		New Orleans, Louisiana 70113. I am Senior Manager, Regulatory Filings, Entergy
6		Services, LLC.
7		
8	Q2.	WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES AS SENIOR MANAGER, REGULATORY FILINGS?
9	A.	In this role, I am responsible for the development, preparation, and analysis of retail
10		regulatory filings for several of the Entergy Operating Companies, including Entergy
11		Louisiana, LLC, ("ELL" or the "Company"). For ELL, this includes among others, the
12		Formula Rate Plan ("FRP") filings, the Rate Stabilization Plan Rider ("RSP") filings,
13		Gas Infrastructure Investment Recovery Rider ("IIRR-G") filings, and cost of service
14		studies.
15		·
16	Q3.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL
17		BACKGROUND.
18	A.	I have a Master of Business Administration degree from the A.B. Freeman School of
19		Business at Tulane University and a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting from
20		the University of New Orleans. I am a Certified Public Accountant licensed to practice
21		in Louisiana. I am a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants,
22		and Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountants.

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1		I have been employed by subsidiaries of Entergy Corporation for approximately
2		36 years and have held various positions in the Accounting and Regulatory Services
3		organizations. Prior to my employment with the Entergy Companies, I was employed
4		by the New Orleans & Company (formerly known as the New Orleans Metropolitan
5		Convention and Visitors Bureau, Inc.) in a key accounting position.
6		
7	Q4.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU SUBMITTING THIS DIRECT TESTIMONY?
8	A.	I am submitting this Direct Testimony to the Louisiana Public Service Commission
9		("LPSC" or the "Commission") on behalf of ELL.
10		
11	Q5.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE ANY REGULATORY
12		AUTHORITIES?
13	A.	Yes. A listing of my prior testimony is provided in Exhibit CEB-1.
14		
15		II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
16	Q6.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
17	А.	The purpose of my testimony is to provide information to the LPSC in support of the
18		Company's Application and requested revenue increase for electric operations. I
19		provide a summary of ELL's requested \$447 million base rate revenue increase and its
20		components. Next, I support the accuracy of the Company's per book accounting data
21		for electric operations presented in the Company's Application for the twelve-month
22		historical test period ended December 31, 2022 ("Test Year"). The per book
23		accounting data is reflected in Exhibit CEB-2, which summarizes the results of the cost

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1		of service study supporting ELL's rate request. My direct testimony further supports
2		the pro forma adjustments to the Test Year, which are listed in Exhibit CEB-3.
3		My direct testimony also describes the cost of service study prepared by the
4		Company as the basis for its request for relief in this rate case filing. More specifically:
5 6 7		• I provide a high-level summary of the results of the electric cost of service study prepared by the Company as the basis for setting just and reasonable rates in this proceeding.
8 9 10		• I discuss the methodology employed in preparing the Company's cost of service study presented in the cost of service workpapers, including how the per book amounts are gathered from the accounting books and records of the Company.
11 12		• I present the jurisdictional and class results of the Company's cost of service study.
13 14		• I present the Company's capital structure and embedded cost rates for debt. Exhibit CEB-4 presents the Company's proposed cost of capital.
15		
16		III. SUMMARY OF RATE REQUEST
17	Q7.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE ELL'S RATE REQUEST.
18	A.	ELL requests that it be allowed to increase the base rate revenue it collects from
19		customers by \$447 million as shown in the following table.

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	Table 1           Summary of Rate Relief Requested	
	Description	Amount (\$millions)*
1	Present Base Rate Revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$3,186
2	Present FRP Rate Adjustment <sup>(2)</sup>	(153)
3	Present Revenue from Other Existing Riders <sup>(3)</sup>	3,064
4	Present Total Retail Revenue (Sum of L1 through L3)	\$6,097
5	Proposed Base Rate Revenue <sup>(4)</sup>	\$3,634
6	Estimated FRP Rate Adjustment <sup>(2)(5)</sup>	(153)
7	Revenue from Other Existing Riders <sup>(3)</sup>	3,064
8	<b>Proposed Total Retail Revenue</b> (Sum of L5 through L7)	\$6,545
9	Total Retail Revenue Deficiency/(Sufficiency) (L4 – L8)	. \$447
(2) TI th (3) TI En Co SC (4) R	his amount includes FRP revenues rolled into base rates. Reference Exhibit C his amount includes FRP revenues attributable to items that were not rolled in e MCRM, TRAM and one-time credits included in the Extraordinary Costs. F his amount includes revenue from the following riders: Fuel Adjustment Clause nvironmental Adjustment Clause Rider; Fuel Stabilization Pilot Program Ride ost ("FSC") Riders FSC-III, FSC-IV, and FSC-V; and Storm Cost Offset ("S CO-III Rider, SCO-IV, and SCO-V. eference Exhibit CEB-2, page RR 1. s explained below in Q10, this amount is an estimate and will be updated with	to base rates, which include Reference Exhibit CKE-2. Re Rider; Fuel Tracker Rider rr ("FSPP"); Financed Storr CO") Riders, SCO, SCO-II

base rates.

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\* Amounts do not foot due to rounding.

1 As shown on Line 4 in the above table, ELL's Present Total Retail Revenue from 2 customers is \$6.097 billion. As shown on Line 8, ELL proposes that its Total Retail 3 Revenue be increased to \$6.545 billion. That is an increase of \$447 million as shown 4 in Line 9 (the amounts do not foot due to rounding).

#### 1 Q8. WHAT ARE THE COMPONENTS OF PROPOSED BASE RATE REVENUE IN

2 LINE 5?

A. The Proposed Base Rate Revenue in Line 5 is composed of updated base rate revenue,
which includes the reduction of the Additional Facilities Charge rates of \$11.2 million
discussed by Company witness Crystal K. Elbe and the reduced miscellaneous service
and late fees of \$12.2 million discussed by Company witness Elizabeth C. Ingram.
Additionally, Line 5 includes FRP revenue, which includes \$204.3 million associated
with certain power purchase agreement ("PPA") capacity expense consistent with how
those capacity costs and associated revenues are reflected in the FRP today.

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## 11 Q9. WHY IS ELL PROPOSING TO RECOVER REVENUE ASSOCIATED WITH 12 CERTAIN PPA CAPACITY EXPENSES THROUGH THE FRP?

13 As discussed by Company witness Alyssa Maurice-Anderson, ELL is proposing that Α. certain purchased capacity costs and other costs as approved by the Commission be 14 recovered through the Additional Capacity Mechanism ("ACM") of the FRP, just as 15 they are today. Specifically, ELL proposes that capacity expenses associated with the 16 Entergy Arkansas Wholesale Baseload, capacity expenses associated with the 17 unregulated portion of River Bend Nuclear Station, and all non-affiliate PPAs, as well 18 19 as costs associated with the Midcontinent Independent Operator, Inc. ("MISO") Planning Resource Auction ("PRA"),<sup>1</sup> continue to be treated in the ACM as they are 20 today. By leaving these recoveries in the ACM, ELL may adjust these recoveries as 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See, General Order (July 6, 2018), In Re: Commission Consideration of Potential Rules and Parameters for Participation in the Midcontinent Independent Operator, Inc. ("MISO") Annual Planning Resource Auction ("PRA"), Docket No. R-33391.

PPAs expire and as other costs change, including true ups for differences between
 amounts in rates and actual amount of capacity costs incurred, in a transparent, efficient
 manner and consistent with prior Commission Orders.

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#### 5 Q10. WHAT ARE THE COMPONENTS OF THE PROPOSED FRP RATE 6 ADJUSTMENT IN LINE 6?

7 Line 6 currently includes the estimated FRP rate adjustment for FRP revenue Α. 8 attributable to one-time credits in Other Rate Changes (Section 4 of the proposed FRP tariff), the MISO Cost Recovery Mechanism ("MCRM") (Section 5 of the proposed 9 FRP tariff), and the Tax Adjustment Mechanism ("TAM") (Section 5 of the proposed 10 FRP tariff).<sup>2</sup> ELL proposes that a new FRP be approved in this proceeding with 11 12 updated FRP Rate Adjustments to become effective concurrent with the implementation of the proposed base rates. The new FRP Rate Adjustments would 13 14 reflect the continued operation of the MCRM; ACM; and certain components of the 15 Tax Reform Adjustment Mechanism ("TRAM") of the current FRP, which the Company proposes to replace with the proposed TAM as discussed by Ms. Maurice-16 17 Anderson.

18

#### 19 Q11. HOW WILL THE FRP RATE ADJUSTMENT BE UPDATED?

- 20 A. The FRP tariff supported by Ms. Maurice-Anderson provides that the FRP Rate 21 Adjustment will be redetermined concurrent with the effective date of the FRP to reflect
- 1

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See Exhibit CKE-2.

1	then-current estimates of MISO and tax-related revenue requirements for the rate
2	effective period, and to true up the amount existing in rates for actual costs incurred in
3	2023. Under the current FRP, the MCRM and TRAM (TAM) revenue requirements
4	reflect estimated net MISO and Excess accumulated deferred income tax ("ADIT")
5	credits during the Filing Year. In addition, rates implemented under the current FRP
6	reflect estimated capacity costs for the rate effective period and revenue requirements
7	for estimated transmission and distribution closings during the Filing Year and prior to
8	the rate-effective date that should be updated concurrent with the effective date of the
9	FRP. Today, those costs are trued up in each annual Evaluation Report filing, and the
10	Company's Proposed FRP would maintain that practice as it relates to actual costs for
11	2023 and for estimated costs for the proposed 2024 filing year.
10	

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# Q12. HAVE YOU CALCULATED THE ESTIMATED FRP RATE ADJUSTMENT PERCENTAGES THAT WILL BE APPLIED TO EACH RATE CLASS AFTER THE PROPOSED BASE RATE CHANGE?

# A. Yes. In total, the proposed FRP Rate Adjustment is projected to return a net \$153 million on an annual basis to customers when base rates from this proceeding become effective. The calculation of those percentages by rate class is shown in Exhibit CEB5. However, as noted above, the actual FRP Rate Adjustment will be determined by events that occur while this proceeding is pending.

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1		IV. ELL'S COST OF SERVICE STUDY
2	Q13.	WHAT IS THE OBJECTIVE OF PREPARING A COST OF SERVICE STUDY?
3	A.	The objective of preparing a cost of service study is to determine the portion of a
4		utility's costs, as measured by its revenue requirement, for which each of the various
5		rate classes is responsible. This then becomes one of the factors to be considered in
6		determining the revenue level appropriate for each rate class. In addition, a cost of
7		service study provides revenue requirement information by function that is useful in
8		the rate design process.
9		
10	Q14.	WHAT IS A RATE CLASS?
11	A.	A rate class can be defined as a group of customers that are homogenous in terms of
12		usage characteristics and cost causation.
13		
14	Q15.	HOW IS THE COST OF SERVICE FILING PACKAGE STRUCTURED?
15	A.	The cost of service filing package supports the development of the cost of service study
16		presented in Exhibit CEB-2. The structure of the cost of service package is shown in
17		the table below:

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Table 2			
Volume	Major Section	Description	Witness
Ι	RR	Cost of Service Study	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	SUM	Summary by Adjustment	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	RB	Per Book Data - Rate Base	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	RV	Per Book Data - Revenues	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	EX	Per Book Data - Expenses	Chris E. Barrilleaux
II	AJ	Adjustments - Pro Forma Adjustments	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	AF	Allocation Factors:	
	AF 1	Demand	Matthew S. Klucher
	AF 2	Energy	Matthew S. Klucher
	AF 3	Customer	Matthew S. Klucher
	AF 4	Revenue	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	AF 5	Direct	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	AF 6	Internal	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	AF 7	Labor Study	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	AF 8	Payroll Workpapers	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	MD	Miscellaneous Data:	
	MD.1	Summary	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	MD.2	Revenue – Related Tax Rate	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	MD.3	Bad Debt Rates	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	MD.4	Franchise Revenues by	Crystal K. Elbe and
		Rate Class	Chris E. Barrilleaux
	MD.5	Cost of Capital	Chris E. Barrilleaux
			and Adrian M.
			McKenzie

#### 1 Q16. WHAT IS THE STARTING POINT OF FOR THE COST OF SERVICE STUDY?

A. The starting point for the preparation of the cost of service study was the unadjusted,
or "per book," rate base, revenues and operating expenses for the Test Year twelvemonth period ending December 31, 2022. As explained below, because the Company
expects the requested rates to go into effect in September 2024, the Company has

1		proposed appropriate pro forma adjustments to the per book accounting data to ensure
2		that the resulting rates are as representative of the known and measurable costs to be
3		incurred and revenues to be received by the Company when the new rates become
4		effective.
5		
6		A. Per Book Accounting Data
7	Q17.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE USE OF A TEST YEAR AND PRO FORMA
8		ADJUSTMENTS FOR RATEMAKING PURPOSES.
9	A.	A test year allows comparison of a defined period's (typically twelve months) total rate
10		base costs, including operating expenses, with its total revenues from electricity sales.
11		With a historical test year, the most recent twelve months of actual revenue and
12		expense data is used.
13		
14	Q18.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTS USED IN MAINTAINING
15		THE COMPANY'S BOOKS AND RECORDS.
16	A.	The Company complies with the Uniform System of Accounts ("USofA") as prescribed
17		by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). The Company also applies
18		Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") as promulgated by the Financial
19		Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") and the accounting regulations and guidance
20		promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").
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## Q19. WHAT STEPS DOES THE COMPANY TAKE TO ENSURE THAT ELL'S ACCOUNTS ARE KEPT IN THE PROPER MANNER?

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3 The Company's financial processes and systems are well-designed, well-controlled, Α. and are operated by trained professionals, resulting in reliable and accurate financial 4 5 reporting. The financial statements of the Company and its affiliates are audited 6 annually by an independent external audit firm that opines whether the Company's 7 financial statements are fairly presented and comply with the USofA and GAAP. 8 Additionally, the external auditor conducts tests of the system of internal financial 9 controls, as required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and has expressed unqualified 10 opinions since the implementation of this legislation as to the effectiveness of the 11 Company's system of internal controls over financial reporting.

12

#### 13 Q20. WHAT REPRESENTATION DO YOU MAKE HEREIN AS TO THE PER BOOK

#### 14 AMOUNTS IN THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTS IN THE COST OF SERVICE?

A. The per book historical accounting data included in the cost of service study, as
reflected in Exhibit CEB-2, was compiled under my direction and control. The
accounting information included in the cost of service was taken from the Company's
books and records, and appropriately reflects the rate base of the Company as of
December 31, 2022, and the results of the Company's operations for the twelve-month
period ended December 31, 2022. The per book accounting data represents the baseline
or starting point from which pro forma adjustments are made.

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Q21.	HOW HAS ELL VALUED PLANT IN SERVICE AND ADIT IN ITS COST OF
	SERVICE STUDY?
A.	The Company has utilized end of year balances.
	B. Pro Forma Adjustments
Q22.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS YOU ARE SPONSORING
	THAT WERE MADE IN DETERMINING THE ADJUSTED RATE BASE AND
	OPERATING INCOME FOR THE COMPANY'S COST OF SERVICE.
A.	A major objective of the pro forma adjustments in a cost of service is to adjust rate base
	and net utility operating income to align with the time period rates are expected to go
	into effect, as I explained above. Another objective is including adjustments that reflect.
	prior orders and directives from the LPSC and the Company's typical regulatory
	practice before the LPSC along with preparing adjustments that are uniquely required
	due to the filing of a cost of service and/or to align costs to the time period rates are
	expected to go into effect. As indicated above, a list of pro forma adjustments that I
	sponsor is provided in Exhibit CEB-3.
Q23.	PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF THE PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS THAT
	YOU ARE SPONSORING.
A.	A brief summary of the pro forma adjustments I sponsor are as follows:
	AJ01. Rate Schedule and Other Revenue Adjustment. The purpose for this
	adjustment is to present electric rate revenues adjusted to reflect, on an
	annualized and weather normalized basis, the rates in effect at the end
	A. Q22. A. Q23.

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1	of the Test Year. This adjustment removes all retail operating revenues
2	(base, fuel, riders) and adds Present Base Rate Revenue as described by
3	Ms. Elbe.
4	AJ02. Interest on Deferred Fuel Over/Under Recovery Adjustment. This pro
5	forma adjustment eliminates interest income/expense on deferred fuel
6	over/under recovery from operating income in the cost of service. The
7	interest income/expense is credited/charged to customers through the
8	fuel adjustment clause. Exclusion of this interest income/expense
9	avoids customers being charged or credited for interest income/expense
10	twice.
11	AJ03. Rider Revenue and Expense Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
12	removes expenses that are deemed eligible to be recovered through
13	other riders, including the fuel adjustment clause ("FAC") and
14	allowance costs recovered through the environmental adjustment clause
15	("EAC"). This adjustment also eliminates deferred expenses associated
16	with the fuel and environmental costs.
17	AJ04. Miscellaneous Revenues Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
18	reflects proposed changes in miscellaneous fee rates prospectively.
19	Those changes are further supported in the Direct Testimony of Ms.
20	Ingram.
21	AJ05. Revenue-Related Tax and Uncollectible Expense Adjustment. This pro
22	forma adjustment adjusts uncollectible expense and revenue-related
23	taxes other than income taxes (e.g., Franchise Tax and Inspection and

1	Supervision Tax) to align with the present base revenue changes that
2	occur in AJ01. Rate Schedule and Other Revenue Adjustment.
3	AJ06. Interest Synchronization Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
4	eliminates the Test Year interest expense and replaces it with an imputed
5	interest expense amount equal to the test year Rate Base <sup>3</sup> multiplied by
6	the weighted embedded cost of debt. This adjustment
7	increases/decreases taxable income with a corresponding
8	increase/decrease to current federal and state income tax expense.
9	AJ07. Accumulated Deferred Income Tax Adjustment. This pro forma
10	adjustment eliminates accumulated deferred income taxes not allowed
11	for ratemaking purposes.
12	AJ08. Current Income Tax Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment eliminates
13	items not allowed for ratemaking purposes, to eliminate prior year
14	adjustments, and to adjust federal and state current income taxes.
15	AJ09. Grand Gulf Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes from
16	operating expenses 18% of Grand Gulf capacity expenses except those
17	associated with the Grand Gulf uprate. In LPSC Order U-16945, ELL
18	(then known as LP&L) agreed to accept a retained percentage (18%) of
19	Grand Gulf.
20	AJ10. Franchise Fee Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes fifty
21	percent of franchise fees that are paid in accordance with LPSC General

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Unless otherwise defined, capitalized terms correspond to the rows in Exhibit CEB-3.

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1	Order in Docket No. R-27859. This adjustment reduces franchise fees
2	included in operating expense in the Test Year.
3	AJ11. Lobbying Expense Portion of Dues Adjustment. This pro forma
4	adjustment eliminates the portion of Edison Electric Institute ("EEI")
5	and Nuclear Energy Institute ("NEI") dues attributable to lobbying
6	expenses.
7	AJ12. Interest on Customer Deposits Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
8	adjusts operations and maintenance ("O&M") expense to include
9	below-the-line interest expense associated with customer deposits
10	because this interest is recorded in accounts 431000 and 431001, which
11	are not included in per book amounts in the cost of service study.
12	AJ13. Affiliate Interest Expense Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
13	reclassifies the Entergy Services, LLC ("ESL") and Entergy Operations,
14	Inc. ("EOI") net interest expense to operating expenses (account
15	923000) to be recovered in this filing.
16	AJ14. Regulatory Debits & Credits Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
17	removes from expenses the amortization of Regulatory Assets and
18	Regulatory Liabilities that are non-recoverable, recovered via another
19	mechanism, or pro formed in another adjustment. Amortizations that
20	are recovered through another mechanism (e.g., a rider) or are otherwise
21	non-recoverable must be removed.

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1	AJ15. Grand Gulf Sale-Leaseback Depreciation Refund. The purpose of this
2	adjustment is to remove the effects of the initial decision on the Sale-
3	Leaseback Refund per FERC Order EL-18-152.
4	AJ16. Credit Facility Fee Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
5	includes in expense the below-the-line (Account 431) annual credit
6	facility commitment fees for the Test Year.
7	AJ17. Nuclear Refueling Outage Adjustment. This pro forma adjusts the
8	Waterford 3 and River Bend refueling maintenance costs in rate base
9	based on fifty percent of the estimated cost of the November 2022
10	refueling outage and January 2022 refueling outage, respectively, and
11	annualizes the associated O&M expense.
12	AJ18. FAS 106 Adjustment. This pro forma restates Statement of Financial
13	Accounting Standard ("FAS") 106 <sup>4</sup> expense for other post-retirement
14	employee benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis consistent with LPSC
15	policy set in LPSC Order No. U-20181.
16	AJ19. Cash Working Capital Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment assigns
17	the appropriate costs to lead-lag categories defined in the Company's
18	cash working capital study. This adjustment is further supported in the
19	Direct Testimony of Company witness Kenneth F. Gallagher.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Also referred to as Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 715-60. In 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board implemented a new structure of accounting and reporting standards that also modified how the standards were referenced. This change in nomenclature did not modify the FAS 106 requirements.

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1	AJ20. Unfunded Pension Adjustment. This pro forma removes the effect of
2	FAS 158 <sup>5</sup> from the pension balances. After removal of FAS 158
3	balances, the net pension asset reflects the difference between the
4	Company's cash contributions to the pension plan and the amount of
5	pension costs reflected in rates.
6	AJ21. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
7	AJ22. Image Advertising Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment eliminates
8	the expenses associated with image advertising from the cost of service.
9	AJ23. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
10	AJ24. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
11	AJ25. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
12	AJ26. Asset Retirement Obligations ("ARO") Adjustment. This pro forma
13	adjustment reduces Rate Base and Operating Expense by removing per-
14	book ARO asset balance (plant in service and accumulated
15	depreciation) and ARO expense activity (depreciation expense,
16	accretion expense, and regulatory debits/credits), respectively from the
17	Test Year.
18	AJ27. Incentive Compensation Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
19	reduces administration and general expenses for long term incentive
20	plan, equity awards, and restricted share awards costs related to
21	executive pay.

Also referred to as ASC 715-20-50.

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1	AJ28. Stock Option Expense Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment is to
2	remove the portion of stock option costs that are not authorized for
3	recovery.
, 4 · ·	AJ29. Capacity Expense Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes per-
5	book third party capacity contract expenses from O&M expense and
6	includes revenue requirements for third party capacity contract expenses
7	included in rates.
8	AJ30. Decommissioning Expense Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
9	adds the nuclear decommissioning revenue requirement for Waterford
10	3 and River Bend to O&M expense. This adjustment is further
11	supported in the Direct Testimony of Mr. Gallagher.
12	AJ31. Transportation Expense Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
13	removes all corporate aircraft costs.
14	AJ32. Storm Reserve Accrual Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment reflects
15	a change to the annual Storm Reserve Accrual, adjusts the Storm
16	Reserve in rate base, and amortizes unrecovered charges to Storm
17	Reserve. This adjustment is further supported in the Direct Testimony
18	of Company witness Ryan O'Malley.
19	AJ33. Storm Costs Reclassification Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment
20	removes the flow through effect on state income taxes of tax
21	depreciation related to securitized storm assets. Tax depreciation for the
22	securitized assets was treated as normalized for securitization and
23	ratemaking purposes.
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1	AJ34. External Rate Case Expense. This pro forma adjustment is to defer the			
2	estimated rate case expenses of \$4.2 million as a regulatory asset in rate			
3	base net of income taxes and to amortize the balance over a 3-year			
4	period. The estimated rate case expenses are based on external			
5	consultant costs, and the actual amount of rate case expenses may be			
6	more or less than the estimated amount. ELL proposes that it reflect the			
7	actual amount of rate case expenses in its compliance cost of service			
8	study upon conclusion of this proceeding.			
9	AJ35. Plant Transfers. This pro forma adjustment adjusts rate base to account			
10	for expected additions and retirements of Plant-In-Service and related			
11	changes to Accumulated Depreciation through August 31, 2024. This			
12	adjustment is also supported in the Direct Testimony of Company			
13	witness Ryan E. O'Malley.			
14	AJ36. O&M Payroll Adjustment. This pro forma reflects changes in O&M			
15	expense and related taxes due to wage increases and payroll increases			
16	or decreases associated with changes in the number of employees from			
17	those reflected in the Test Year costs.			
18	AJ37. Annualized Depreciation Expense. This pro forma adjustment			
19	annualizes depreciation expense based on adjusted plant balances as of			
20	August 31, 2024, and the proposed depreciation rates supported in the			
21	Direct Testimony of Company witness Dane A. Watson.			
22	AJ38. ESL Billing Method Changes. This pro forma adjustment adjusts for			
23	any ESL billing allocation method changes or re-billings during the test			

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1	period. There were no significant billing method changes or rebills
2	during the Test Year.
3	AJ39. Miscellaneous. This pro forma adjustment removes miscellaneous
4	items from the calculation of rate base and operating income.
5	Specifically, this adjustment removes River Bend 30% non-regulated
6	revenues and expenses not removed elsewhere in this filing and the
7	accumulated depreciation balance for the Texas abeyed portion of River
8	Bend from rate base.
9	AJ40. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
10	AJ41. Gas and Steam Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes costs
11	associated with gas and steam operations and adjusts the allocation of
12	costs to electric operations for rate base items, including prepayments,
13	materials and supplies, customer deposits as well as interest expense on
14	customer deposits, and meter reading expenses, and customer call center
15	phone call costs.
16	AJ42. Plant Held for Future Use ("PHFU") Adjustment. This pro forma
17	adjustment removes any property in the PHFU account (105) that does
18	not have a defined plan to be placed into service in the near future, as
19	well as the related ad valorem taxes.
20	AJ43. River Bend Deregulated Asset Plan ("DAP") / River Bend 30%
21	Unregulated Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes the DAP
22	and 30% unregulated River Bend effects from Rate Base and Operating
23	Expense.

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1	AJ44. Contingent Customer Credit Adjustment. This adjustment reflects the
2	calculation of contingent customer credits in accordance with LPSC
3	Order No. U-33244-A.
4	AJ45. River Bend DAP Revenue Requirement. This pro forma adjustment
5	includes the River Bend DAP Revenue Requirement in the ELL Retail
6	Revenue Requirement.
7	AJ46. Nelson Rail Spur Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes per
8	book amounts for the Nelson Rail Spur and includes the actual amounts
9	incurred to construct and operate the rail spur.
10	AJ47. MISO Cost Recovery Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes
11	MISO revenues and expenses that are included in the MCRM, which is
12	a component of the FRP Rate Adjustment.
13	AJ48. Energy Efficiency Programs. This pro forma adjustment eliminates
14	Energy Efficiency expense that is included in a separate rate rider.
15	AJ49. Environmental Costs Adjustment. This pro forma adjustment removes
16	the Account 447 revenue associated with affiliate-related billings of
17	EAC costs in order to maintain neutrality in the recovery of the costs
18	recovered via the EAC.
19	AJ50. Major Storm Restoration Cost Adjustment. This adjustment removes
20	storm restoration costs for major storms approved for recovery in LPSC
21	Docket No. U-35991 and LPSC Docket No. U-36350 from ending
22	balance and 13-month average balance.
23	AJ51. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.

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1	AJ52. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
2	AJ53. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
3	AJ54. Westinghouse Credits. This pro forma adjustment removes from other
4	revenues certain credits received from Westinghouse consistent with
5	LPSC Order U-32812.
6	AJ55. Department of Energy ("DOE") Awards Adjustment. This pro forma
7	adjustment removes from operations and maintenance expense the
8	turnaround of DOE Settlement Awards for Waterford 3, Grand Gulf,
9	and River Bend.
10	AJ56. Business Combination External Transaction Costs. This pro forma
11	adjustment records the annual amortization of the external costs to
12	achieve the customer benefits per Stipulated Agreement approved in
13	LPSC Order No. U-33244-A and to remove incremental internal costs
14	incurred during the Test Year.
15	AJ57. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
16	AJ58. This pro forma adjustment is not used in this cost of service.
17	AJ59. OROW Amortization. This pro forma adjustment includes one tenth of
18	Outside Right of Way Vegetation Management amortization, including
19	carrying costs at the applicable weighted-average cost of capital
20	("WACC").

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1		C. Rate Class Revenue Requirements
2	Q24.	WHAT ARE THE RATE CLASSES UTILIZED IN ELL'S COST OF SERVICE
3		STUDY?
4	A.	ELL used ten different retail rate classes: Residential Service, Small General Service,
5		General Service, Large Power Service, High Load Factor Service, Large Load High
6		Load Factor Power Service, Municipal Pumping Service, Legacy Industrial Rates,
7		Large Industrial Service, and Lighting Service. The composition of these rate classes
8		is discussed by Company witness Matthew S. Klucher.
9		
10	Q25.	PLEASE BRIEFLY OUTLINE THE GENERAL METHODS EMPLOYED IN THE
11		COST OF SERVICE STUDY TO APPORTION RATE BASE, REVENUE, AND
12		OPERATING EXPENSES TO DETERMINE THE RATE CLASS REVENUE
13		REQUIREMENTS.
14	A.	I have used the industry-accepted approach that utilizes the successive application of
15		the processes of functionalization, classification, and allocation with respect to all
16		components of rate base, revenue, and operating expenses. Immediately below, I
17		address the functionalization and classification process. Because the allocation to rate
18		classes is performed in the cost of service studies on a total company adjusted basis,
19		the allocation process is discussed later in my testimony.
20		

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#### 1 Q26. PLEASE DISCUSS THE FUNCTIONALIZATION PROCESS.

A. Functionalization is the separation of costs by the major functions of generation (or production), transmission, and distribution/customer service in order to facilitate the determination of how to allocate the Company's costs to the various rate classes.

5

#### 6 Q27. ARE ALL COSTS ASSIGNABLE TO ONE OF THESE THREE FUNCTIONS?

A. No. There are many items that represent a combination of more than one of these
functions and must be addressed as an aggregated amount. For example, although
certain parts of general plant may be assigned to one function (i.e., stores equipment),
the majority of general plant (i.e., transportation, laboratory equipment, and
communication equipment) supports multiple functions and, thus, must be addressed
on a composite basis.

13

#### 14 Q28. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE CLASSIFICATION PROCESS.

15 Α. Classification is the separation of functionalized costs into demand-related, 16 energy-related, or customer-related categories. An example of a demand-related cost 17 is the cost associated with distribution substations. Energy-related costs are costs 18 considered to be associated with sales rather than demand. Certain production 19. maintenance expenses are generally treated as energy-related for cost of service 20 purposes. Expense charged to Account 512 (maintenance of boiler plant) is an example 21 of such a cost. Customer-related costs are costs that are incurred even if a customer 22 does not impose demand on the system or consume energy. The costs of reading meters 23 and preparing bills are examples of customer-related costs.

# Q29. PLEASE DESCRIBE IN GENERAL TERMS HOW THE COST OF SERVICE STUDY PRESENTED IN THE COST OF SERVICE WORKPAPERS TO EXHIBIT CEB-2 WAS DEVELOPED.

4 Α. The starting point for the preparation of the cost of service study was the unadjusted. 5 or "per book," rate base, revenues, and operating expenses for the twelve-month period 6 ending December 31, 2022. The per book data was loaded into the Regulatory Module 7 where the data was aggregated at the FERC account level to the extent possible to 8 ensure consistency in treatment of similar costs. The Regulatory Module is a Utilities International system that includes data used in regulatory filings (i.e., per book data 9 10 and pro forma adjustments used in cost of service studies, formula rate plans, 11 etc.). After all pro forma adjustments were entered in the Regulatory Module, the data 12 was processed through the cost of service calculation sequence (i.e., model) where it 13 was functionalized, classified, and allocated to the rate classes. The rate base, revenue, 14 and expense components in the cost of service study reflected in Exhibit CEB-2 include 15 per book data, adjustments, and total adjusted results (per book plus or minus 16 adjustments if applicable). Summaries of the adjusted values are also presented for the 17 major rate base, revenue, and expense components in Exhibit CEB-2.

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## 19 Q30. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ALLOCATION PROCESS THAT YOU USED TO 20 DEVELOP THE COST OF SERVICE STUDY.

A. The functionalization and classification processes that I discussed earlier provide an
 understanding of the nature of the costs and, thereby, make it possible to select the most
 appropriate basis on which to allocate individual costs. The allocation process

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1		apportions or distributes costs to the various customer groups through the use of an
2		"allocation factor." Generally, costs are allocated on the basis of a demand, energy, or
3		customer relationship. Many cost items cannot be functionalized and classified to the
4		point that a specific demand, energy, or customer allocation factor can be determined
5		as being the appropriate allocator. In such cases, related cost items, as they have been
6		allocated to the customer groups, are commonly used as allocators. For example,
7		synchronized interest expense in the income tax calculation, which is related to the total
8		rate base, is typically allocated using a factor consisting of the rate base allocation to
9		the rate classes.
10	-	
11	Q31.	WHAT METHODS WERE USED TO ALLOCATE THE COMPANY'S ADJUSTED
12		TEST YEAR COSTS?
13	A.	Mr. Klucher discusses the methods that were utilized to allocate each of the major
14		function/classification cost categories. He also discusses the development of the
15		corresponding allocation factors utilized in preparing the Company's cost of service
16		study. Costs not directly associated with one of the major function/classification cost
17		categories were allocated using factors developed in the cost of service study that are
18		most appropriate for each such cost.
19		
20	Q32.	HOW WERE THE ALLOCATION FACTORS APPLIED IN THE COMPANY'S
21		COST OF SERVICE STUDIES?
22	A.	The Company's cost of service study in Exhibit CEB-2 shows that, beginning on page
23		RR 8, the allocation factors are applied to detailed rate base, income, and expense line

1 items so as to allocate each line item to the proposed rate class. These line items then 2 are used to calculate each rate class's revenue requirement. 3 PLEASE DESCRIBE THE RESULTS FROM THE COST OF SERVICE STUDY 4 Q33. 5 PRESENTED IN EXHIBIT CEB-2. 6 A. Page RR 1 of Exhibit CEB-2 summarizes the results of proper functionalization, 7 classification, and allocation of all the Company's costs of providing utility service to 8 its customers. The Company's cost of service study indicates that the current annual 9 base rate schedule revenue requirement for the LPSC retail jurisdiction is \$3.63 billion, 10 as indicated on Page RR 1, Line 23 of Exhibit CEB-2. The annual base rate schedule 11 revenue requirement for each rate class is shown in the table below. As explained by 12 Mr. Klucher, ELL's proposed base rates for each rate class are not designed to recover 13 the rate class revenue requirements shown below, and ELL's revenue allocation and 14 rate design deviate from the results of the cost of service study.

Table 3		
Annual Base Rate Schedule Revenue Requirement by Rate Class		
Rate Class	Annual Revenue Requirement (\$billions)	
Residential Service	\$1.506	
Small General Service	\$0.523	
General Service	\$0.410	
Municipal Pumping Service	\$0.020	
Legacy Industrial Service	\$0.072	
Large Load High Load Factor Service	\$0.548	
Large Power Service	\$0.165	
High Load Factor Service	\$0.224	
Large Industrial Service	\$0.119	
Lighting	\$0.045	

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1		V. COST OF CAPITAL					
2	Q34.	PLEASE IDENTIFY THE COMPANY'S TEST YEAR CAPITAL STRUCTURE					
3		AND WACC.					
4	A.	The Company's capital structure and the calculation of the Test Year WACC are based					
5		on Test Year 2022 and adjusted for the proposed return on equity ("ROE"), which is					
6		shown on Exhibit CEB-4. The resulting WACC is 7.15%.					
7							
8	Q35.	ARE YOU SPONSORING THE COMPANY'S REQUESTED RATE OF RETURN					
9		ON COMMON EQUITY?					
10	A.	No. The requested ROE is discussed in the Direct Testimony of Company witness					
11		Phillip R. May and is supported by the Direct Testimony of Company witness Adrian					
12		M. McKenzie.					
13							
14		VI. CONCLUSION					
15	Q36.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?					
16	A.	Yes, at this time.					

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#### AFFIDAVIT

#### STATE OF LOUISIANA

#### PARISH OF ORLEANS

NOW BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared, CHRIS E. BARRILLEAUX, who after being duly sworn by me, did depose and say:

That the above and foregoing is his sworn testimony in this proceeding and that he knows the contents thereof, that the same are true as stated, except as to matters and things, if any, stated on information and belief, and that as to those matters and things, he verily believes them to be true.

Chris E. Barrilleaux

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME THIS MAL DAY OF AUGUST 2023

NÓTARY PUBLIC

Alyssa A. Maurice My commission expires: <u>LA Bar #28388-LA Notary 68053</u> Notary Public in and for the State of Louisiana Commission Issued for Life



FILING DATE	TYPE OF TESTIMONY	JURISDICTION	OPCO	DOCKET
5/29/1998	Surrebuttal Testimony	CNO	ENO	UD-97-1
11/30/1998	Direct Testimony	PUCT	EGSI-TX	20150
10/11/1999	Rebuttal Testimony	LPSC	EGSI-LA	U-23358
11/11/1999	Rejoinder Testimony	LPSC	EGSI-LA	U-23358
1/28/2000	Rejoinder Testimony	LPSC	EGSI-LA	U-24182
6/1/2000	Supplemental Rebuttal Testimony	LPSC	EGSI-LA	U-24182
3/14/2001	Direct Testimony	PUCT	EGSI-TX	22356
8/7/2004	Direct Testimony	PUCT	EGSI-TX	30123
8/15/2005	Direct Testimony	PUCT	EGSI-TX	31544
2/10/2006	Rebuttal Testimony	PUCT '	EGSI-TX	31544
9/18/2009	Direct Testimony	PUCT	ETI	37482
12/30/2009	Direct Testimony	PUCT	EŢI	37744
2/3/2010	Rebuttal Testimony	PUCT	ETI	37482
6/30/2010	Rebuttal Testimony	PUCT	ETI	37744
11/28/2011	Direct Testimony	PUCT	ETI	39896
4/12/2012	Rebuttal Testimony	PUCT	ETI	39896
9/20/2013	Direct Testimony	PUCT	ETI	41791
1/31/2014	Rebuttal Testimony	PUCT	ETI	41791
4/1/2014	Direct Testimony	APSC	EAI	07-085-TF
5/1/2014	Direct Testimony	PUCT	ETI	42485
5/16/2014	Rebuttal Testimony	APSC	EAI	07-085-TF
6/7/2014	Answering Testimony	FERC .	ESI	ER13-432-002
9/30/2014	Direct Testimony	LPSC	ELL/EGSI	U-33244
10/30/2014	Direct Testimony	CNO	ENO/ELL	UD-14-02
11/6/2014	Direct Testimony	CNO	ENO/ELL	UD-14-03
2/13/2015	Direct Testimony	APSC	EAI	07-138-TF

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#### **Previous Testimony of Chris E. Barrilleaux**

#### LOUISIANA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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APPLICATION OF ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF REGULATORY BLUEPRINT NECESSARY FOR COMPANY TO STRENGTHEN THE ELECTRIC GRID FOR STATE OF LOUISIANA

DOCKET NO. U-

#### **EXHIBIT CEB-2**

Summary of the Cost of Service Study for the Test Year Ending December 31, 2022

EXHIBIT IS PROVIDED ON CD ONLY

AUGUST 2023

#### LOUISIANA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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APPLICATION OF ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF REGULATORY BLUEPRINT NECESSARY FOR COMPANY TO STRENGTHEN THE ELECTRIC GRID FOR STATE OF LOUISIANA

DOCKET NO. U-\_\_\_\_

#### **EXHIBIT CEB-3**

List of Pro Forma Adjustments to the Test Year in the Cost of Service Study

#### HIGHLY SENSITIVE PROTECTED MATERIAL

**INTENTIONALLY OMITTED** 

AUGUST 2023

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#### LOUISIANA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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APPLICATION OF ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF REGULATORY BLUEPRINT NECESSARY FOR COMPANY TO STRENGTHEN THE ELECTRIC GRID FOR STATE OF LOUISIANA

DOCKET NO. U-\_\_\_\_

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#### **EXHIBIT CEB-4**

Cost of Capital Summary for Entergy Louisiana, LLC

EXHIBIT IS PROVIDED ON CD ONLY

AUGUST 2023

#### LOUISIANA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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APPLICATION OF ENTERGY LOUISIANA, LLC FOR APPROVAL OF REGULATORY BLUEPRINT NECESSARY FOR COMPANY TO STRENGTHEN THE ELECTRIC GRID FOR STATE OF LOUISIANA

DOCKET NO. U-

#### EXHIBIT CEB-5

Proposed Formula Rate Plan Adjustments

EXHIBIT IS PROVIDED ON CD ONLY

AUGUST 2023